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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/992,556	11/16/2001	Jordan U. Guterman	CLFR:009US/10111753	5224
52034	7590	12/08/2010	EXAMINER	
FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI, LLP. 600 CONGRESS AVENUE SUITE 2400 AUSTIN, TX 78701			WEBB, WALTER E	
ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			1612
NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE			
12/08/2010	ELECTRONIC			

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

[aopatent@fulbright.com](mailto:aopatent@fulbright.com)

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b> 09/992,556	<b>Applicant(s)</b> GUTTERMAN ET AL.
	<b>Examiner</b> WALTER E. WEBB	<b>Art Unit</b> 1612

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --  
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If no period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).

Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(o).

#### Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 September 2010.

2a) This action is **FINAL**.      2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

#### Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-20,22,24-28,31-39,41,44-57 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) 3-8,11-20,33-38 and 53-55 is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1,2,9,10,22,24-28,31,32,39,41,44-52,56 and 57 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

#### Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

#### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:

1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

#### Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_

4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

6) Other: \_\_\_\_\_

**DETAILED ACTION**

Applicants' arguments, filed 9/28/2010, have been fully considered. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103—previous***

1) Claims 1, 2, 9, 10, 22, 24-28, 31, 32, 39, 41, 44-52 and 56 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable Arntzen et al., (US 6,444,233) and further in view of Ni et al., (US 5,965,421). This rejection also applies to newly added **claim 57**.

2) Claims 1, 2, 9, 10, 24-28, 31-32, 41, 44-52 and 56 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable Arntzen et al., (WO 1999/59578) and further in view of Ni et al., (US 5,965,421). This rejection also applies to newly added **claim 57**.

***Response to Arguments***

Applicant argues that Arntzen does not support a *prima facie* case of obviousness, particularly in view of the *in vivo* data previously provided in the declaration by Roger Anderson, and that the action does not clearly articulate why one of skill in the art would choose to treat inflammatory bowel disease. However, one

cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). The monoterpenes compounds of Arntzen et al., which are potent inhibitors NF- $\kappa$ B, would have been useful in treating inflammatory bowel disease since the prior art, i.e. Ni et al., taught that NF- $\kappa$ B activation has been linked to inflammatory bowel disease and that this disease can be treated using NF- $\kappa$ B inhibitors.

MPEP 716.02(a) states, "'A greater than expected result is an evidentiary factor pertinent to the legal conclusion of obviousness ... of the claims at issue.' *In re Corkill*, 711 F.2d 1496, 226 USPQ 1005 (Fed. Cir. 1985)." Affiant's data or comments do not show or explain how the results are greater than expected. On the contrary, the data shown in the declaration by Roger Anderson, merely shows what the Arntzen et al. already taught in regard to the monoterpenes compounds, i.e. that they are useful for treating lesions in the colon (see col. 54, lines 6-8).

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). Here, the knowledge of the claimed monoterpenes compounds and their being

able to treat inflammatory diseases such as inflammatory bowel disease was gleaned from the prior art.

In regard to the inhibition of COX-2 and iNOS, dependent claims 44 and 45 respectively, applicant argues that there is no factual basis to assume that one skilled in the art would necessarily assume that the instantly claimed compounds would exhibit a mechanism of action involving effects on COX-2. However, COX-2 and iNOS, as previously indicated, are well known mediators of inflammation. Their role in promoting inflammation would have been expected to be inhibited, to some degree, in the face of an anti-inflammatory agent. The reference, US Patent 5,908,861, was cited in a footnote for applicant's edification and was not being relied on to complete the rejection.

### ***Conclusion***

**THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Walter E. Webb whose telephone number is (571) 270-3287. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am-4:00pm Mon-Fri EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Frederick F. Krass can be reached (571) 272-0580. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Walter E. Webb  
/Walter E Webb/  
Examiner, Art Unit 1612

/Frederick Krass/  
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1612